

An aerial photograph of Lake Oroville, showing the large reservoir of blue water, the massive concrete dam structure, and the surrounding landscape of dry, hilly terrain with patches of green forest. The text is overlaid on the upper portion of the image.

Oroville FERC Relicensing (Project No. 2100)

Environmental Work Group

May 19, 2004

SP-F3.1 Task 1A Final Report

**Assessment of Fish Passage
Impediments Above Lake Oroville's
High Water Mark**

Study Objectives

- ◆ Identify and characterize potential fish passage barriers for inland salmonids, anadromous salmonids, and sturgeon upstream of Lake Oroville



Report Overview

- ◆ **Updates from interim report**
- ◆ **Falls Below Big KimsheW Creek on West Branch Feather River**
- ◆ **Evaluation of reservoir sediment wedge fish passage from SP-G1**

Falls Below Big Kimsheew Creek

- ◆ Height approx. 16 to 19 feet
- ◆ Pool is 16 to 23 feet deep
- ◆ Horizontal run of approx. 6 feet
- ◆ Not passable at observed flow
- ◆ Potentially passable at high flows



Lake Oroville Sediment Wedge Fish Passage Assessment

- ◆ **SP-G1 collected sediment wedge locations and reservoir stage elevations**
- ◆ **Sediment wedge top elevations ranged from 700 – 720 feet at their current locations**
- ◆ **Evaluate frequency and duration of sediment wedge exposure at current elevations against reservoir stage elevation historical records**

Lake Oroville Sediment Wedge Fish Passage Assessment

Table 5.2-1: Summary Table of Sediment Wedge Exposure During Anadromous Salmonid Upstream Migration Periods.

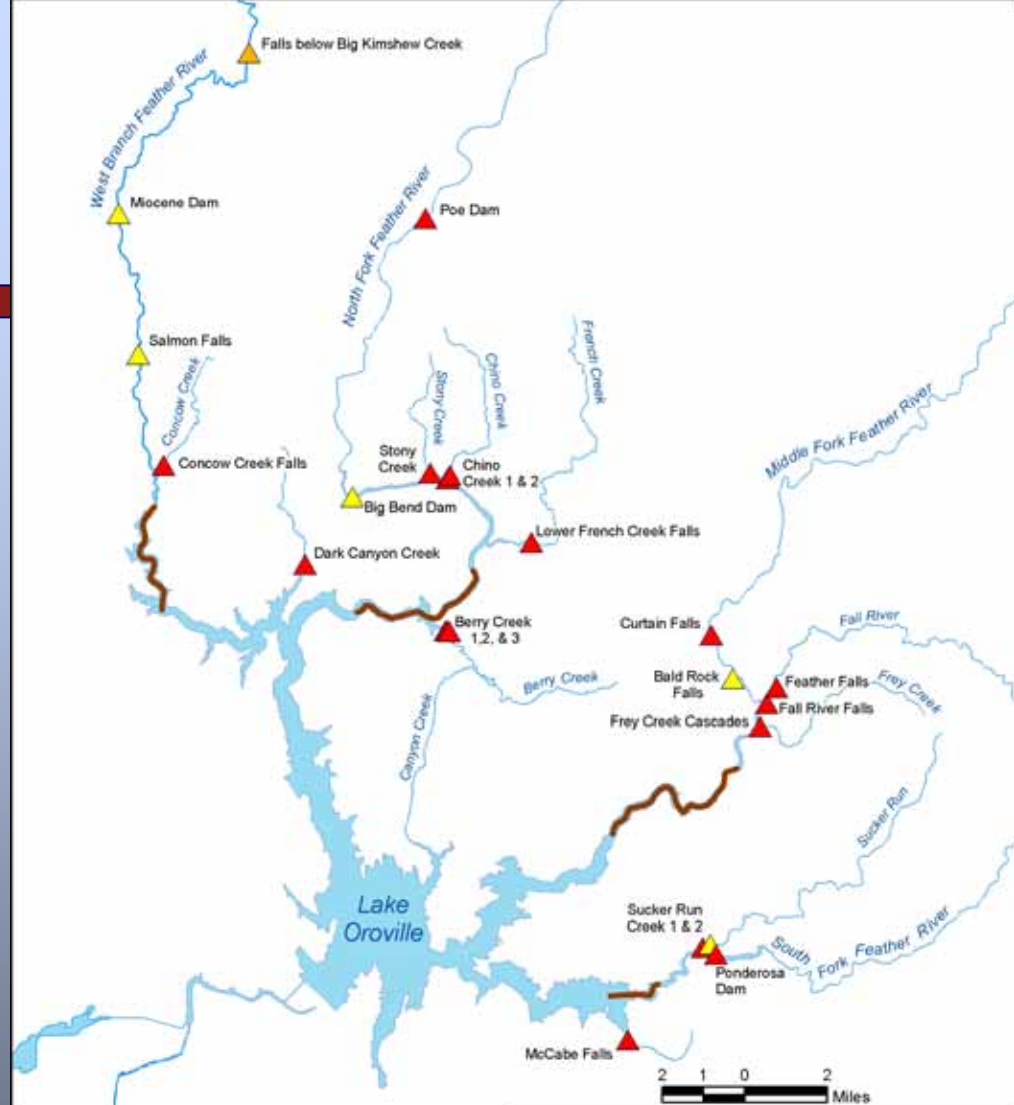
TRIBUTARY	PERCENTAGE OF YEARS WITH ANY SEDIMENT WEDGE EXPOSURE	AVERAGE PERCENTAGE OF IMMIGRATION AND HOLDING PERIOD WITH EXPOSED SEDIMENT WEDGES [*]		
		SPRING-RUN CHINOOK SALMON ^A	FALL-RUN CHINOOK SALMON	STEELHEAD ^B
West Branch	18%	3%	6%	6%
North Fork	29%	8%	18%	17%
Middle Fork	29%	7%	16%	16%
South Fork	24%	4%	10%	11%

^{*} Percentages based on the 17-year period of record for daily Oroville Reservoir water surface elevations compared to sediment wedge elevations during DWR survey efforts.

Lake Oroville Sediment Wedge Fish Passage Assessment

- ◆ Sediment wedges are infrequently exposed during adult salmonid emigration at the current sediment wedge elevations
- ◆ Sediment wedges are much more likely to be a fish passage factor earlier in their development

Final Report Conclusions



-  Provisional Passage Barrier
-  Fish Passage Barriers (Always Impassible)
-  Fish Passage Barriers (Passible at some flows or reservoir stage elevations)
-  Sediment Wedges

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES
**Oroville Facilities Relicensing
FERC Project No. 2100**



FIGURE RS-1

Fish Passage Barriers:
Lake Oroville Upstream Tributaries



Data Sources: SWRI - fish passage barriers, sediment plugs
USGS - 1:100,000 scale hydrography (SWRI modified)

Prepared by:
B.F. - SWRI

Date:
03-31-04

Figure RS-1_3-31-04

Next Steps for Final Report

- ◆ **Determine complete fish passage barrier for West Branch**
- ◆ **Evaluate sediment plug information from SP-G1**
 - ◆ **Determine sediment plug reservoir inundation frequency and timing**
 - ◆ **Evaluate for fish passage**